
$\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{24}$



$\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{2}$


$\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{O}_{2}$




hint 1 : Thallium Perchlorite has been effectively used for ring-expansions (in an oxidative fashion, $\mathrm{Tl}(\mathrm{I})$ generated), the 5 membered-side transfered in this case.
hint 2 : Rearrangement didn't work in a desired way,
hint 3 : Sublimation of $\mathbf{F}$ through a Pyrex Vigreux column heated to 500 " C at 1 mmHg and direct crystallisation of the pyrolysate gave $\mathbf{G}$. 3 rings in $\mathbf{G}$
hint 4 : By comparing $\mathbf{G}$ (stereocenters!) with Hirsutene one should know the purpose of this step. This reaction went through a transposed bis-enone as an intermediate
hint 5 : "Radical conjugated addition"
hint 6 : not DA
hint 7 : Imagine what's needed in the following step, product of this step has the formular of $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$
hint 8 : $\mathbf{R}$ contains a tri-substituted olefin

